## Determination of Levels of Cesium 137 and Strontium 90 in Fleshy Fungi from Wisconsin and Wyoming John W. Baxter Department of Botany University of Wisconsin-Milwaukee Project Number 101

During June and July abundant material of three fleshy fungi (<u>Helvella gigas</u>, <u>Caloscypha fulgens</u> and <u>Discina ancilis</u>) was obtained in the Medicine Bow National Forest in southern Wyoming. Unfortunately, collecting in Jackson Hole during August was not so rewarding. Because of the extremely dry conditions, only one fungus, <u>Cortinarius</u> sp., was collected in a quantity sufficient for determination of levels of cesium 137 and strontium 90.

Because of the scarcity of fleshy fungi most of the period spent at the Jackson Hole station was devoted to collecting rust fungi and aquatic hyphomycetes. The following species were added to the list of aquatic hyphomycetes previously recorded for the Jackson Hole region:

> Tetracladium maxilliformis Dactyllela aquatica Centrospora angulata Actinospora megalospora Heliscus lugdunensis Heliscus submersus Clavatospora stellata

These are the first records of these species from the Rocky Mountain region.

Among the rusts collected was <u>Puccinin subdecora</u>, on <u>Brickellia</u> <u>grandiflora</u>, near Inspiration Point in Cascade Canyon. This species was previously known only from the type material, collected in Colorado, and a collection from the Wasatch Mountains in Utah.

1